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"Sustainable Development in Developing Country"

PEKANBARU, 8-10 NOVEMBER 2017











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THE ROLE OF THE CITY GOVERNMENT IN THE EMPOWERMENT OF POOR COMMUNITY IN THE CITY OF PEKANBARU PROVINSI RIAU

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Abstract

In carrying out the empowerment function, the city government of Pekanbaru carries out the empowerment activities of the poor along with the Family Welfare Empowerment Driving Team of Pekanbaru City. The poor community empowerment program is funded through community assistance and donations. This research is to know and analyze the role of Pekanbaru city government in empowering the poor. From the research results can be seen that the government of Pekanbaru role in doing; First, help the Family Welfare Empowerment Institution in collecting donations from donors. Second, assisting the distribution of aid to beneficiary communities. Third, assisting the Family Welfare Empowerment Institution in making reporting on the implementation of empowerment activities of poor communities. Research recommendations include; it is advisable to Pekanbaru city government to maximally assist Community Empowerment institutions in the process of collecting aid, facilitating and overseeing the process of distributing aid to the poor, and assisting and assisting the Family Welfare Empowerment Institution in reporting on the empowerment program of the poor.

Keywords: Role, City Government, Community Empowerment, Poor Society and Family Welfare Empowerment Institutions.

1. INTRODUCTION

The existence of Government for the community from the past until now is needed, because the government is an institution that protects the community from a sense of security, and meet all forms of community needs. One of the matters handed over by the central government to the regions is social affairs and prosperous families in accordance with Government Regulation of the Republic of Indonesia Number 38 Year 2007 on the Division of Affairs between the Government and Provincial Government and District / City Government. Following up the affair and to implement the program of overcoming social problems and poor families, Pekanbaru Municipal Government made the policy of empowering the poor, regulated by the Mayor of Pekanbaru Regulation Number 37 Year 2009 About Poverty Alleviation.

Poor community empowerment program, aimed at alleviating poverty, and improving people's economy by populist power through community participation. In the implementation of community empowerment program, Pekanbaru Municipal Government in assisting Institute of Family Welfare Empowerment.

2. LITERATURE REVIEW

The government according to Rasyd in Giroth (2004: 65) is; what the government does. Furthermore, the government can be interpreted as the process of upholding and maintaining justice, guaranteeing fair treatment of law to every individual citizen, providing services for the common progress. While the main task of government can be summarized into three essential functions, namely; services (service), empowerment (empowerment), and development (development).

Society institution according to Soekanto (2003), is; "The set of norms of all stages that revolve around a basic need in the life of society". According to Awang (2010: 45) The term empowerment which in English "empowerment" literally translates "empowerment" or "empowerment" is defined as giving or increasing power (power) empowerment to the weak community.

Community empowerment according to Giroth (2004: 99) that; Community empowerment means giving authority to the people. According Widjaja (2002: 169) community empowerment is; efforts to increase the ability and potential of the community, so that the community can realize their identity, dignity and dignity to the maximum to survive and develop themselves independently in the field of economic, social, religious, and cultural. Community empowerment is not enough just to increase productivity, provide equal business opportunity or capital providers, but must be followed by changes in social-economic structure of society, support the development of community potency through increasing role, productivity and efficiency and improve four access that is: access to resources, access to technology, access to markets and access to financing sources."

The role according to Giroth (2004) is; Viewing the concept as an estimate of what is expected of a person in a particular position more attributed to the individual's personal properties than his or her position. There are two things that are clearly included in the role and not the position of responsibility and authority. Responsibility is a series of expected actions of the individual within the boundaries of his position, while the authority is the level of freedom expected to be practiced by the individual in his position."

According to Samuel Mencher in Usman (2010: 125-127) There are three kinds of concepts of poverty, namely; "First absolute poverty, both relative poverty, the three subjective poverty. The concept of absolute poverty is formulated by making a concrete measure (a fixed yardstick). The measure is typically oriented to the basic minimum basic life needs of community members (clothing, food, and boards). Each country has a limit of absolute poverty is different because the basic needs of community life in use as a reference is different. Because of its size, the concept of poverty recognizes the poverty line. There was once the idea of wanting to include basic cultural needs such as education, security, recreation and so on, in addition to physical needs. Emil Salim in Supriatna (2000: 124) states that; there are five characteristics of poverty: Poor people in general do not have their own production factors, have no possibility to obtain production assets with their own strength, education level is generally low, many of them have no facilities and among them are relatively young and do not have skill or education is adequate

3. METHODOLOGY

This research uses qualitative analysis which is a research paradigm to describe and explain about the events, behavior of people or situation in specific place in detail in the form of narration, with research informant is Mayor of Pekanbaru, Head of the Family Empowerment Empowerment Team of Pekanbaru Town and also poor people. Variables and indicators of research can be seen table below:

Table 1. Variable Operationalization

Concept	Variables	Indicator	Sub Indicator
Empowerment The	The role of	1. Assistance	a. Inform donors
poor are: to grow and	Pekanbaru	for the	b. Motivating donors
improve village	Municipal	Poor	c. Receive donations from
initiatives and	Government		donor
creativity, to be able	in		
and independent to	Empowering	2. Partian	
manage and manage	the Poor	Relief for	a. Learn the beneficiary data
the interests of the		the Poor	b. Adjust the amount of
community through			assistance with the number
improving the function			of beneficiaries
of village institutions	AREA TO EQUAL	39123124311111111111111	c. Provide assistance to
and community		3. Reporting	beneficiariesn
participation		Assistance	
		to the	a. Notes the amount of aid
	Figure 3.Ger	Poor.	given.
man all con aids	for Barrasirios	entrovegration to	b. Prepare an activity report
	ned beneficiaru	me and widsqu	c. Submit activity report

Source: Research Modification, 2014

4. RESULT AND DISCUSSION

Poor empowerment program is a program created by the government of Pekanbaru City and implemented by the Institute of Family Welfare Empowerment, to succeed the program required the role of the Government of Pekanbaru City as an element of fostering Institute for Family Welfare Empowerment. The poor community empowerment program aims to alleviate poverty. In terms of financing, the empowerment program of the poor is funded through community self-financing through donor donations. The role of government in Empowering the poor can be stated as follows;

1. Collection of Assistance to the Poor

Pekanbaru Municipal Government has been instrumental in the collection of aid funds for empowerment programs of the poor, this can be seen from the indicators, namely; have already sent in circulars about aid to the poor, have motivated donors to collect aid for the poor, and have received full support for the poor.

case of resorbing of aid for the cooks

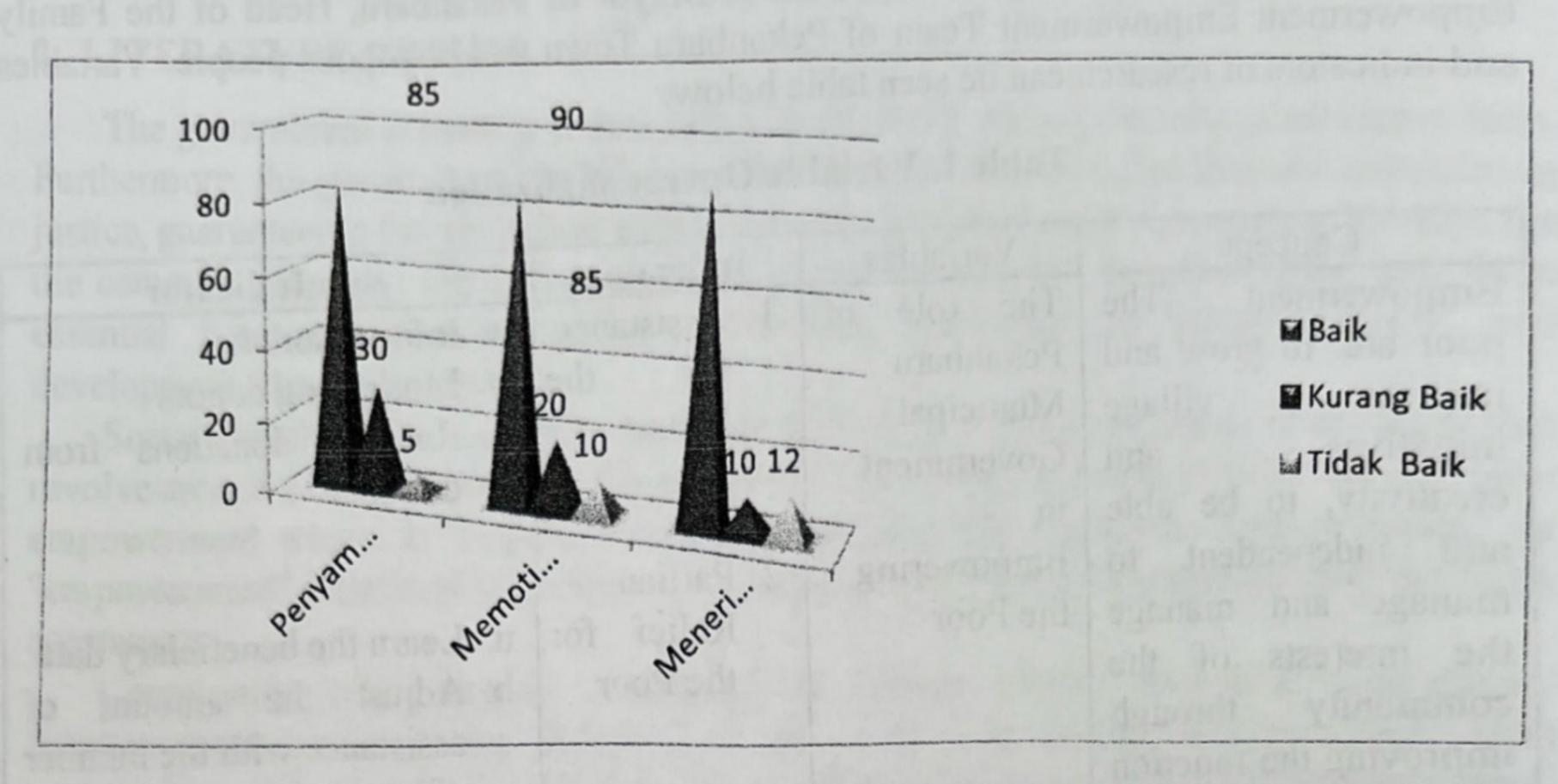


Figure. 1. Graph for the Implementation of Assistance Collection For the Poor.

2. Providing Assistance to the Poor

In giving the poor, Pekanbaru city government has less role, this can be seen from indicator, that is; the municipality has studied beneficiary data, and has provided assistance to the poor, but has not adjusted the amount of aid provided with the number of beneficiaries.

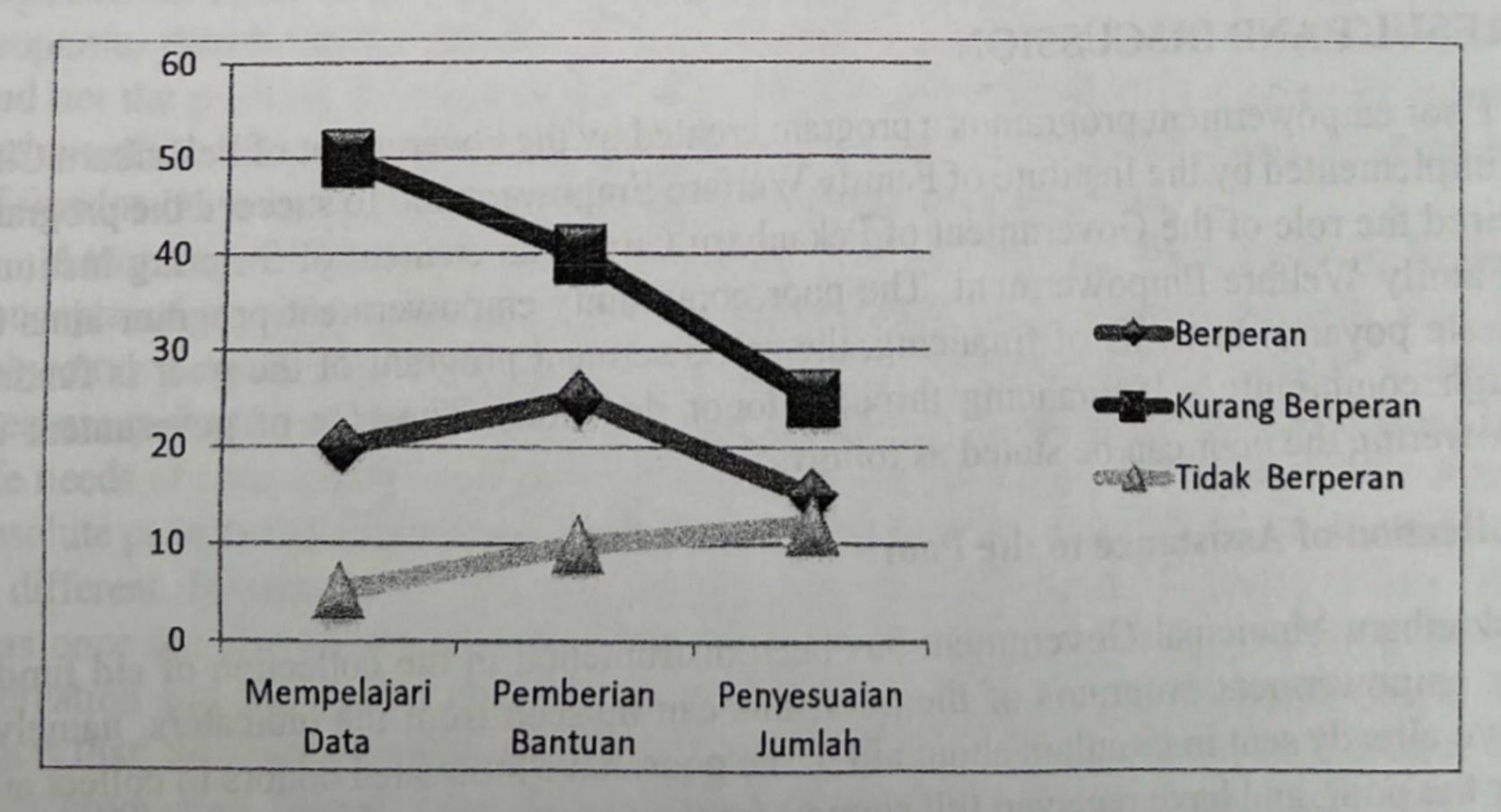


Figure 2. Graph of Providing Assistance to the Poor

3. Reporting Assistance for the Poor

In the case of reporting of aid for the poor, Pekanbaru Municipal Government has not yet played a role, it can be seen from the indicators, namely; the municipal government has

recorded the amount of aid provided, but has not made a report on the activity, so it has not submitted a report on the activities of providing assistance to the poor.

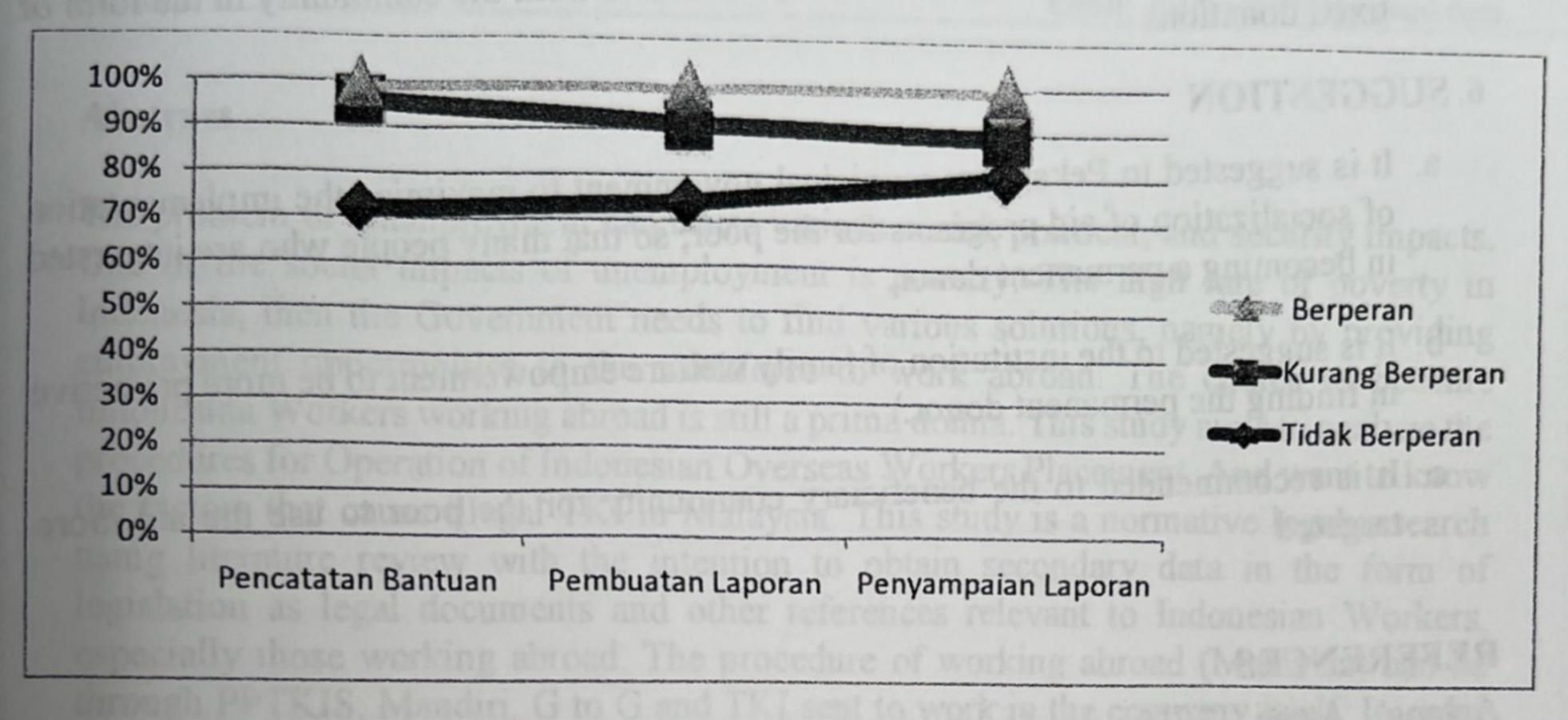


Figure 3. Graphs About Implementation Reporting Aid programs for the poor

Therefore, the role of Pekanbaru city government of Riau Province in the empowerment of the poor has not yet played a role, because of the three indicators of the role of Pekanbaru municipal government in poor empowerment only indicator of the collection of aid for the poor who already play a role, while for the indicators of the implementation of giving aid to the poor and reporting the provision of assistance to the poor has little role.

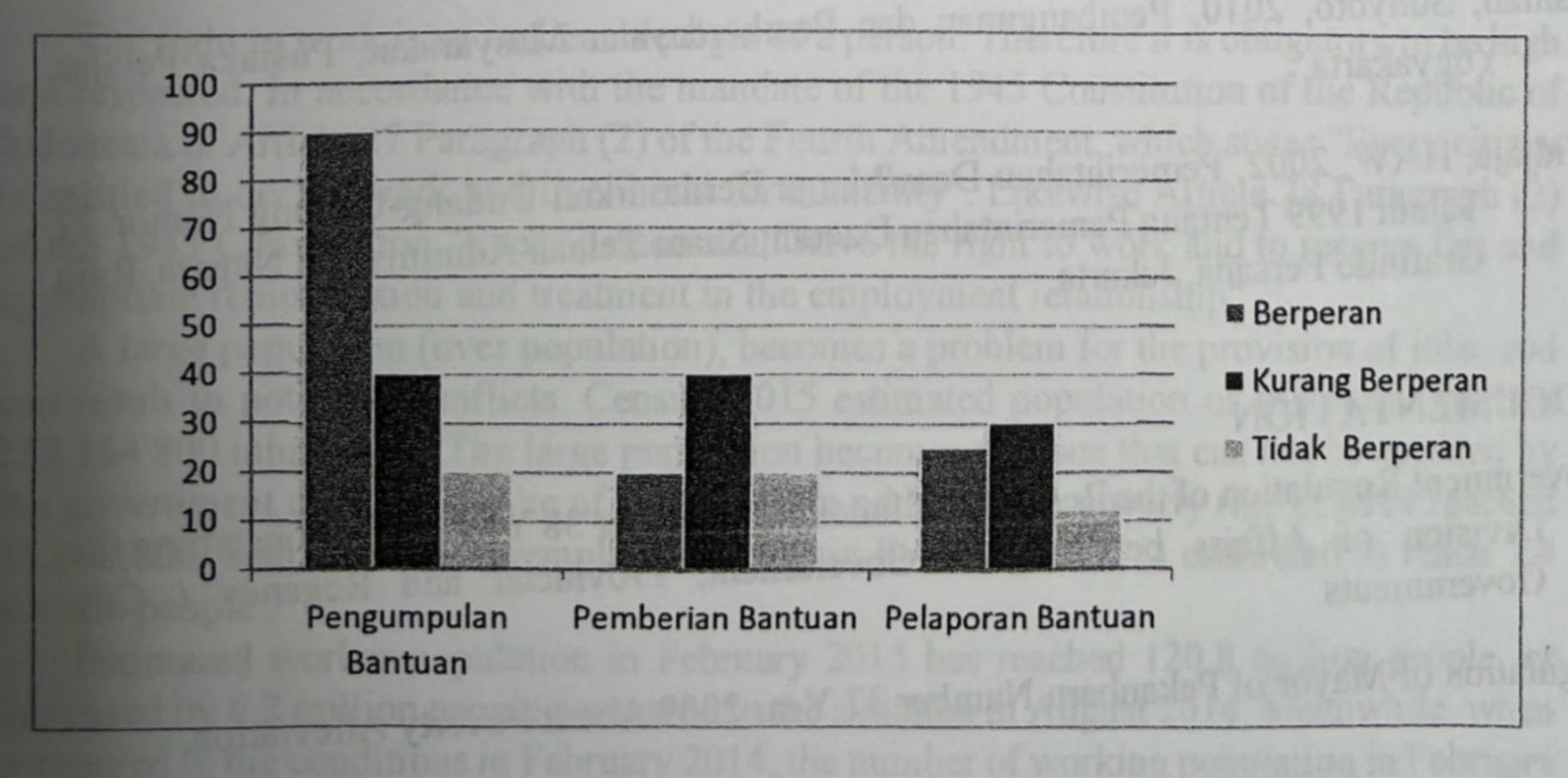


Figure 4. Grafik Tentang Pelaksanaan Program

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Pemberdayaan Masyarakat Miskin

5. CONCLUSION

- a. The city government of Pekanbaru has not played a role in the implementation of the empowerment of the poor, through a program of providing assistance to the poor community.
- b. The source of the aid program for the poor comes from the community in the form of fixed donations

6. SUGGESTION

- a. It is suggested to Pekanbaru municipal government to maximize the implementation of socialization of aid programs for the poor, so that many people who are interested in becoming a permanent donor.
- b. It is suggested to the institution of family welfare empowerment to be more pro active in finding the permanent donor.\
- c. It is recommended to the beneficiary community for the poor to use the aid more targeted

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DOCUMENTATION

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