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Development of Listening Comprehension Model by Using You tube for English Students

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Abstract. Learning a foreign language by using social media is getting important because it has great potential to support student-centered learning, as it is flexible, interactive, and content-rich in nature. This research was aimed to develop an Englishlistening comprehension model by using Social Media You tube. A Research and Development methodology ADDIE was used: analyzing students' and teachers' needs, designing a new learning materials, Developing material, Implementing it in a group, and evaluating the existing learning materials, validating the learning materials by experts, revising learning materials, trying out the learning materials, and revising learning materials. It was found that the existing learning materials were not appropriate for the students' characteristics and were not organized in a systematic way. Students and lecturers indicated that they appreciated enjoyable English language learning materials such as songs, stories and games using You Tube. Based on these findings a new model for developing materials was developed for English Listening Comprehension Program at the Islamic University of Riau.

Keywords: learning material, ADDIE model, you tube.

l.Introduction

Listening comprehension is very important and is much needed by students in all aspects of language learning. This is because listening is one of the most important information windows apart from reading. Listening is also relatively more difficult for students to master, especially for non-English speaking learners. These difficulties are indicated by their low ability to understand the topic that will be analyzed, for example in determining main ideas, details of what is being listened to, including doing tasks independently or in groups. As a result the average student score is also low. Therefore, learning listening now is shifted from developing listening skills to comprehensive communicative skills with an emphasis on listening and speaking.

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Most of the difficulties experienced by the students are of limited vocabulary, unable to grasp the meaning of the speaker's pronunciation because of a lack of background knowledge about the topic being discussed and too fast in speaking. In addition, listening and speaking is quite difficult to practice if the children or students have never been in English-speaking countries. Based on the background above, thegoals of this research are:

- 1. To analyze the conditions and learning needs for English students of listening Comprehension at the English Language Study Program FKIP Riau Islamic University.
- 2. To design, develop and implement the model of learning Listening Comprehension for students of English listening comprehension at the English Study Program by using social medi2.

2.Method

The population of the research are the students of the English Study ProgramLeamer (ESPL) of the Faculty of Teacher Training and Education in the Islamic University of Riau. There are 152 students in 4 classes who were taking courses in listening comprehension in the first semester of 2018. From these 4 classes 10 students were taken as samples from each classes by using simple random sampling, so that the number of respondents was 40students or 26 % of the total population. The reason for using a simple random method is because the population is considered relatively homogeneous. We also conducted the validity and the reliability test on this collected data and the results are not violate the statistical rules.

Data needed for this research consist of qualitative and quantitative data. The qualitative data include data relating to the characteristics or personal profile data of students such as name, age, hobbies, student perceptions, competence towards listening learning process, grammar, ability to use computer and IT devices, student and other listening learning needs- other. The quantitative collected are students marks:

We run the pre-test to getthe score of the students before the treatment of listening. After the pre-test we run the treatment that is the students are listening to the lesson test. After listening to the listening test the students are then askedseveral questions related to the story that have just been listened by the students. These questions are also called post-test. The differences of results between pre and post-test can be mainly attributed to the treatment that given to the students. Theses process are repeated several time in order to get reliable data.

3.1 3.Results and Discussion

As stated previously the goals of this research are two folds, firstly, to analyze the condition of learning process and the learning needs of the students of listening comprehension, and secondly, todesign, develop and implement the model of listening comprehension for students at the English Language Study Program by using social media .[1]

The learning condition of the students can be elaborated that the English competencies of Islamic University of Riau students, especially at English Language Department, is still unsatisfactory. From the evaluation conducted by the Language Institute of the Islamic University of Riau, the mastery of the students are still below the expectations. On average, their TOEFL score is only around 400 to 450. TOEFL prediction test as a Final Assignment (TA)

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requirement, show that the 'listening comprehension' scores were only around 46%. Most of the difficulties experienced by the students are limited vocabulary, unable to grasp the meaning of the speaker's pronunciation because of a lack of background knowledge about the topic being discussed and too fast in speaking. To overcome this problem we have designed a suitable learning process by using ADDIE model.

To answer the first research question we did a survey to the students in order to know their current International Conference on Education, Science and Technology 2019 IOP Publishing answer we got the results as follow. First, majority of the students (54%) agree with the use of social media as medium of learning process, particularly for listening. Secondly, there are 25% of the students who very agree with the use of social media. This means that majority (79%) of the students agree with the use social mediaas medium of learning listening. There are only 7% of students who do not agree and 14% who less agree with the use of social media as medium of listening learning. This means that there are roughly 21% of the students who are not interested in using social media as medium of leaming,.[2]These small number of students who do not agree with, need to be further investigated why they have such an opinion in the middle of the wave of information technology. In the future these group of students eventually will be forced naturally to use the information technology as the coming wave of technology is something unavoidable. Almost all the government services will be delivered by using internet or information technology, let alone the business and other private services.

The following activities on analysis stage are identifying lectures' problems, students' problems and identifying problems related to instructional. The instrument used to obtain the lectures problems were interviewed and observation. There are two lectures were interviewed, A and B. The interview was conducted deal with the teaching listening process, media, learning resources, classroom management, evaluation on students' achievement and solution to the problems. Prior to interview and observation the instrument were validated by some experts. The results of validation indicated that all the instruments were valid and reliable therefore, the instrument can be used to obtain the data. Based on the interview and observation, it can be concluded that there are several problems related to listening. Firstly,most of the students had difficulties in listening.

Table 1. Activities in Analysis Stage

No	Activities	Technique
1	Identifying lecturer problems	Need Analysis
2	Identifying students problems	Learner analysis
3	Identifying problems related to instructional	
	material	Task Analysis Specifying Goal
		Criterion Reference Test

3.2 Lecturer' Problems

There are two lectures interviewed, they are identified by name as lecturer A and lecturer B. Lecturer A said that about 50 to 55 % of their students are having difficulties when they were listening to the audio in the classroom. These difficulties arise because they are not familiar with

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the pronunciation, time allocation is too short, the materials are difficult and vocabulary is limited. The studentswere usually missed the first or the second questions because they are unaware of the starting time of listening to audio.

Lecturer B explainedthat there are several factors which cause the students have difficulties in listening. These factors are the limited amount of time available, unfamiliar with materials and others. Lecturer Aalso share what Lecture B said about what makes the students have difficulties in listening. They said, "in my opinion the students are not familiar with and accustom to the listening material." These factors make them reluctant to listen regularly." This information is also supported by lecturer B who also confirm that listening is difficult for the students because they do not spend enough time in the listening exercise.

Other than the limited amount time spend on listening exercise, their language ability, such as vocabulary, also create problems in listening. When the vocabulary is limited the students do not have enough words in their mind so that they cannot make association on one word to another.

Teachers or lectures are another important factors that contribute to the students' difficulties in

listening. If the pronunciation of teachers or lecturers are not clear and good enough, according the minimal International Conference on Education. Science and Technology 2019 IOP Publishing teachers'. This is because the students will imitate their teacher pronunciation. When they do not pronounce some words correctly then the students will also do the same. As the information technology become more available these problems can be solved by using online recorded material.

Another important difficulties in listening is motivation. Motivation is very important factor that push students to uplift themselves into higher ladder of their life. Students with high motivation will do whatever they can possibly do.

Design of the InstructionalListening Comprehension Social Media Based (LCSMB), is a model guideline for teaching listening to help instructors construct English listening lessons which enhance the possibility of listening learning and encourage the engagement of learners. The orientation of the LCSMB is systematic and web-based, using interactive listening instruction with task-based approach. This model includes 6 phases and 17 steps in the process. Before the instructional process is designed, it is necessary to identify the background and problems of English listening instruction. This phase is the base of the whole instructional process.

The analysis used to help create and develop the listening product we use ADDIE process. The ADDIE process consists of five stages..[3], namely: analysis, design, development, implementation and evaluation. The analysis phase is a process of defining what will be learned by students / learners by conducting a needs analysis, identifying problems, and performing task analysis.[4]. The output of task analysis is the characteristics of student profiles, identification of gaps, identification of needs and analysis of appropriate tasks that are detailed based on needs. The next stage is design or blue print to formulate the learning objectives, compile tests and to determine the right learning strategies to achieve these goals. The development phase is the process of realizing blue-print or design into reality. The design itself requires expert validation which will be realized in the product revision. The implementation phase is a real step to implement the learning model that is being made, meaning that everything that has been

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developed is applied in the form of model application. The last stage of ADDIE, evaluation phase, is a process to see whether the learning model is made in accordance with initial expectations or not. In the following a picture of a research framework for developing Listening Comprehension will be elaborated.

3.3 ConductNeedsAnalysis

This step is to identify the needs and problems of the learners of English listening. The findings of the analysis can contribute to setting instructional goals and learning objectives and can help instructors to draw the main components and requirements into LCSMB.

3.2.1. Analyze Existing Curriculum

It is necessary to analyze the existing curriculum or syllabus because it is a defined and prescribed course of studies. Instructors should focus on analyzing the requirements for listening skills.

3.2.2. *Identify Learning Context*

Analysis is focused on the technical environment and instructional structure. For the technical environment, instructors are concerned about organizing minimum requirements including computers, the Internet, the Intranet, network servers, server capabilities, software, and hardware. For instructional structure, instructors should research teaching methodology to fit English listening instruction.

3.2.3. Analyze Instructional Content

Instructor would analyze the domain (type) and sequence (level) of the LSCMB contents. A content domain analysis identifies whether the main purpose of instructional content is to change the learners' cognitive, emotional, or physical status, while a content level analysis determines the optimal range of the sequence of learning required for achieving the instructional goal .[5]. Set Instructional Goals 3.2.4. Instructor needs to specify what the learners will be able to do when they complete the

instruction. The goals should be clear, concise, complete and manageable. International Conference on Education, Science and Technology 2019 IOP Publishing

3.2.5. Set Teaching Goals

The goals are about what the instructor plans to teach, what instructors will cover in this course and how instructors will cover it. These goals are usually broad, and at times vague depending on different learners.

3.2.6. Set Learning Goals

Learning goals describe what exactly instructors expect learners will learn. The goals involve enabling objectives and terminal objectives.

3.2.7. Design Lessons

Instructors should outline how to reach the instructional goals. Attention should be given to the effectiveness of lesson elements and criteria for designing assessment.

3.2.8. Manage Content

Authentic resources for the instruction, which are found in books, online or in other media, are required to support English listening instruction and learners.

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3.2.9. Determine Instructional Strategies

Based on learning objectives, instructors are required to determine appropriate instructional strategies to maximize learning effectiveness. Based on the nature of listening comprehension and the features of listening instruction, the LCSMB Model focuses on interactive instruction.

3.2.10. Establish Listening Tasks

The tasks in the LCSMB lessons will be designed to real-world tasks according to the TBA principles.

3.2.11. Design Testing

Task-based assessment should be used in the LCSMB Model. Instructor needs to create the criteria and format of testing. The assessment should provide learners feedback and remediation when necessary.

3.2.12. Produce Online Instructional Package

Instructors should decide what software or online tools will be used as an instructional platform or tools to deliver the lessons according to the learning context analysis.

3.2.13. SelectModules

Software usually offers the instructor modules or tools to create a course website and provide access control. According to the instructional goals, the modules which include "Forum, Glossary, Chat, Wiki and Quiz" can be chosen to deliver the instruction.

3.2.14. Integrate Media

Media for online instruction includes text, images/graphics, audio, video, games, and e-books. All media should be optimized to match the minimum requirements of the available hardware for the LSCMB instruction and be delivered effectively for improving listening ability.

3.2.15. Prototype Lessons

The LCSMB lesson template should be interactive and flexible. The prototype will be formatively evaluated to check whether it serves the instructional goals.

3.2.16. ConductDevelopedlessons

The teaching process should emphasize learner-centered learning and learning in interaction. Implement Computer-mediated Interaction Computer-mediated interaction allows learners to communicate with other learners in both asynchronous and synchronous modes by network and permits one-to-one and one-to-many communication.

3.2.17. Encourage Peer Face-to-face Interaction

Peer face-to-face interaction should be managed in LCSMB, focusing on the learning process by encouraging interaction among students.

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3.2.19. 19. ConductFormativeEvaluation

Formative evaluation is present in each stage of the LSCMB Moodle. It provides the information for ongoing improvement and adjustment.

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Conduct Summative Evaluation

At the end of the instruction, a summative post-test will be used to collect data to assess the effectiveness of the instruction. To sum up, LCSMB Model is an online interactive listening instruction design with task-based approach. As a system-oriented model, each step is critical and need to be completed. Instructional strategies in the LCSMB Model rely on interaction and cooperative learning with real-world tasks. Additionally, The LCSMB Model is a learnercentered instruction design, emphasizing interaction.

4. Conclusions

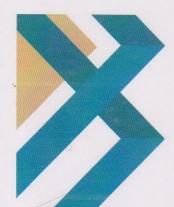
The present study has been conducted in order to solve an urgent issue of students listening comprehension ability articulated in the establishment a web-based listening teaching model and deliver listening courses via the intranet or campus network. Theobjectives of the study were to develop an online listening instructional model for ESPL learners, and toinvestigate the effects of using LCSMB. The findings revealed that the LCSMB Model was suitable to teach Englishlistening online with task-based approach, emphasizing interaction, activity and flexibility. The LCSMB brings broad changes to the traditional way of teaching listening skills in English and the relationships betweenteachers and students. Students could learn English listening anytime and anywhere through LCSMB. Forpedagogical implication, the development of the LCSMB Model might offer practical solutions for the development of English teaching and improve students' listening ability in China.

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CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that

Syofianis Ismail, M. Zaim, Mukhaiyar and Nurhizrah Gistituati

With the project

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